GROOTVADERSBOSCH NATURE RESERVE



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Grootvadersbosch Nature Reserve

is situated in the Langeberg, about 22km northwest of Heidelberg, and comprises 250ha of forest. The indigenous forest is the most precious in the southwestern Cape and the largest remaining example in the Langeberg. Two day walks and a short cycle trail wind through Knysna high forest and mountain fynbos, with excellent bird watching opportunities.

THE LOMHLAGE PATRIMONE

Climate

The Langeberg lies in the transitional zone between winter and all-year rainfall regions. Grootvadersbosch has an average annual rainfall of about I 050mm. Drier periods are from May to July and December to January. Berg wind conditions prevail from May to July. The southern slopes are covered with sandy soils derived from Table Mountain sandstone and are often strewn with rocks and boulders.

Flora

Most of the thirty-five typical forest tree species are present, including stinkwood, yellowwood, red alder and the dominant ironwood. During 1896 to 1913 exotic trees such as camphor, Australian blackwood, bluegum, ash, Californian redwood and oak were planted to cover the areas deforested by woodcutters. CapeNature is reclaiming these areas for indigenous forest.

Fauna

A variety of animals are found here. Bushbuck are abundant and were described in 1780 from a specimen collected at Groot-vadersbosch. Cape grysbok occur on the forest fringes and in the adjacent fynbos. Baboons and small mammals are plentiful while evidence of leopard is also occasionally found. Birds are abundant and 196 bird species have been recorded. A subspecies of the ghost frog and a unique forest emperor butterfly occur only in this forest.

Activities

The Bushbuck and Grysbok Trails offer day walks varying from 2 to 15 km. A short section of the Grootvadersbosch Conservancy's cycle trail falls within the reserve boundary and may be utilised by reserve visitors.

Cycling groups are restricted to 12 people and cycling is only permitted on the specially marked cycle route. Permits for walks and cycling are available from the reserve office.

Be sure to spend some time in the **reception area** with the kids to lean more about the reserve.

Accommodation



Self-catering accommodation is available in **Scolopia**, a wooden house, and in 11 refurbished self-catering cabins. The cabins are all 4-sleepers, with two bedrooms, an inside braai area, kitchen, lounge with fireplace and an outside braai area. Units 1-3 have Universal Access with garages, while units 8-11 also have garages. Kitchens are fully equipped with an electric fridge, freezer, microwave, toaster and gas stove with four burners. Bedding and towels are provided.

Scolopia sleeps four guests. It is located 500m from the reserve entrance on the edge of the indigenous forest and near the start of the day trails. It is equipped with kitchen appliances, two bathrooms, an indoor and outdoor fireplace, a splash pool, a wood-fired hot tub and an enclosed deck area.

Grootvadersbosch has 9 decked campsites with power points and 5 basic caravan sites also with a power point and braai place, overlooking indigenous forest. Communal ablution facilities are offered with hot water showers, swimming pool and a children's play area/jungle gym. Visitors should bring their own braai grids.

For campers looking for more privacy, there are 5 glamping sites each accommodating 4 persons with their own shower/toilet/ lighting/kitchen area and braai areas with exquisite views of the Langeberg mountains. The hot tubs are the latest addition to keep guests warm during cooler evenings. Guests must bring their own food as there is no shop on the reserve. Please note: no firewood allowed, due to the current risk of infestation of our trees by the Shothole Borer Beetle. Eco-logs are sold on the reserve for fire use.

History

The land on which the forest lies was originally called Melkhoutskraal, and was assigned to Roelof Oelofse in 1723. He was known as the 'Groot Vader', a title subsequent owners inherited. The adjoining Boosmans-bos Wilderness area was pro-claimed in 1978 and Grootvadersbosch was placed under the management of CapeNature in 1986. The reserve was designated a World Heritage Site in 2015, as part of the extension to the Cape Floral Kingdom Protected Areas World Heritage Site.

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

All persons entering this conservation area and using its facilities, do so entirely at their own risk. The Western Cape Nature Conservation Board and/or its employees and/or agents and/or its successors in title shall not be liable for any damage, loss, theft, injury, accident or death suffered by any person, howsoever caused.

Right of Admission

Reserved.

Stay safe when venturing outdoors

- Wear comfortable walking shoes, sunscreen and a hat
- Don't hike alone
- Carry enough food and water for the trip
- Make sure you know what the weather conditions are before you depart
- Take a warm jacket/raincoat in winter
- Make sure you have a map of the area
 - Take a field medical kit along for emergencies
- Obey all signage
- Stay in a group and keep to marked trails







